

# Recursion Time Complexity

## Factorial



int fact (int n)  $T(n)$

```
{ if(n==0) return 1;
    int sp = fact(n-1);  $T(n-1)$ 
    int ans = sp * n;
    return ans;
```

}

## Recurrence Relation

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + 1$$

$$T(n-1) = T(n-2) + 1$$

$$T(n-2) = T(n-3) + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ | \\ T(2) = T(1) + 1 \\ | \\ T(1) = 1 \end{array}$$

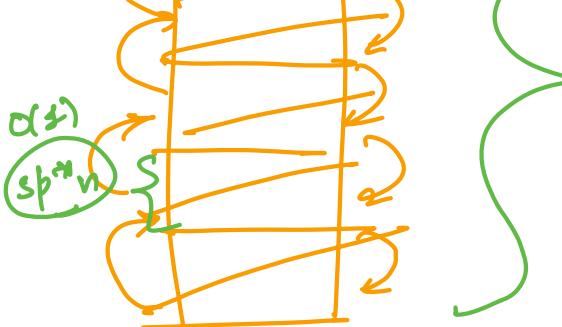
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$$T(n) + T(n-1) + T(n-2) + \dots + T(1) = T(n-1) + 1 + T(n-2) + 1 + T(n-3) + 1 + \dots + T(1) + 1 + 1$$

$$T(n) = n - 1 \quad \left. \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right\} \propto n$$

## Shortcut: Single Rec Call





Trick?  
 no of fib<sup>n</sup> fram  $\Rightarrow$  time in each frame  
 $m \times 1$   
 $\widehat{m}$

## Fibonacci

```

int fib(n) T(n)
{
    if(n==0 || n==1) return n;
    int fnm1 = fib(n-1); T(n-1)
    int fnm2 = fib(n-2); T(n-2)
    int fn = fnm1 + fnm2; } constant
    return fn;
}
    
```

?

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + 1 \leq T(n-1) + T(n-2) + 1$$

$$T(n) \leq 2T(n-1) + 1$$

~~$$2T(n-1) \leq 2^2 T(n-2) + 1 \cdot 2 \times 2^1$$~~

~~$$2^2 T(n-2) \leq 2^3 T(n-3) + 1 \cdot 2^2 \times 2^2$$~~

⋮

⋮

$$2^{n-2} T(n-(n-2)) \leq 2^{n-1} T(1) + 1 \cdot 2^{n-2} \times 2^{n-2}$$

$$2^{n-1} T(n-(n-1)) = 1 \cdot 2^{n-1} \times 2^{n-1}$$

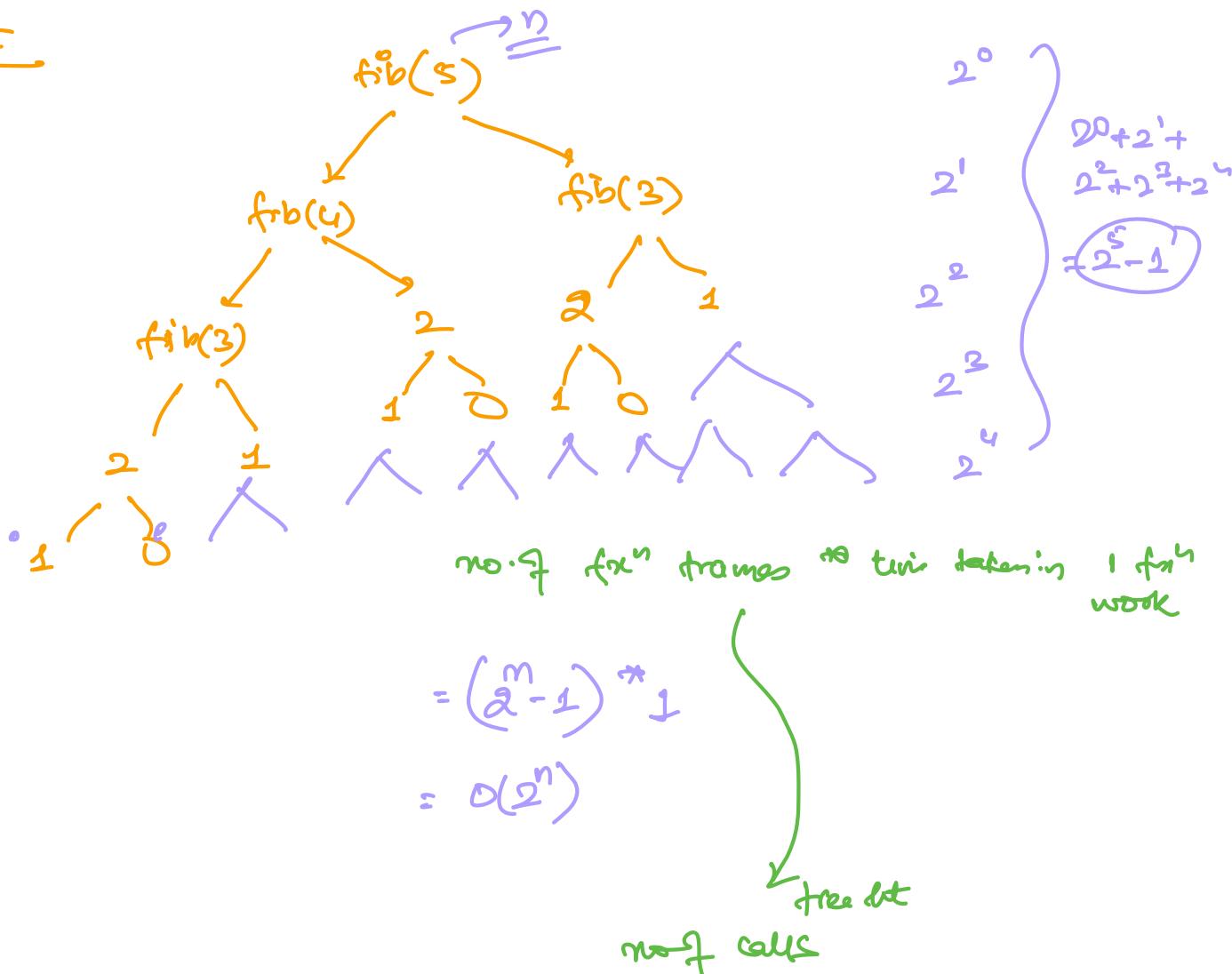
$$\alpha \left(\frac{\alpha^{n-1}}{\alpha - 1}\right)$$

$$T(n) = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^{n-2} + 2^{n-1}$$

$$T(n) = \left(\frac{\alpha^n - 1}{\alpha - 1}\right)$$

$$T(n) = 2^n - 1 = O(2^n)$$

## Shortcut



$\geq 2$  calls:

calls <sup>wt</sup> \*  $\text{fib}^n$  frame self work

Q:  $x^n$  Power

$$\text{BP} \quad x^n = \text{SP}^{n-1} + \text{SW}.$$

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + 1 \quad \left\{ \text{o}(n) \right.$$

$$\frac{\text{SC:}}{(n+1) * 1} = \underline{\underline{\text{o}(n)}} ?$$

$$2^{10} \rightarrow 2^9 \rightarrow 2^8 \rightarrow 2^7$$

better?

$$2^{10} = 2^5 \cdot 2^5$$

$$2^{11} = 2^5 \cdot 2^5 \cdot 2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2^5 \\
 | \\
 2^4 \\
 | \\
 2^3 \\
 | \\
 2^2 \\
 | \\
 2^1 \\
 | \\
 2^0
 \end{array}$$

$$2^5 = 2^2 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 2$$

$$2^2 = 2 \cdot 2$$

$$2^1 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$\curvearrowright 2^m$$

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1$$

$$2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 1 \cdot 2$$

$$2^2 T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) = 2^2 T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + 1 \cdot 2^2$$

$$n = 2^{k_2^m}$$

$$\vdots$$

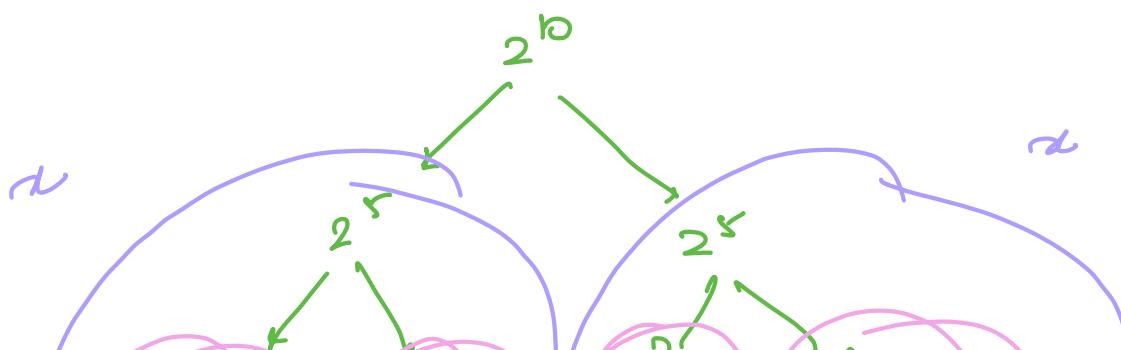
$$2^{k_2^m} T\left(\frac{n}{2^{k_2^m}}\right) = 1 \cdot 2^{k_2^m}$$

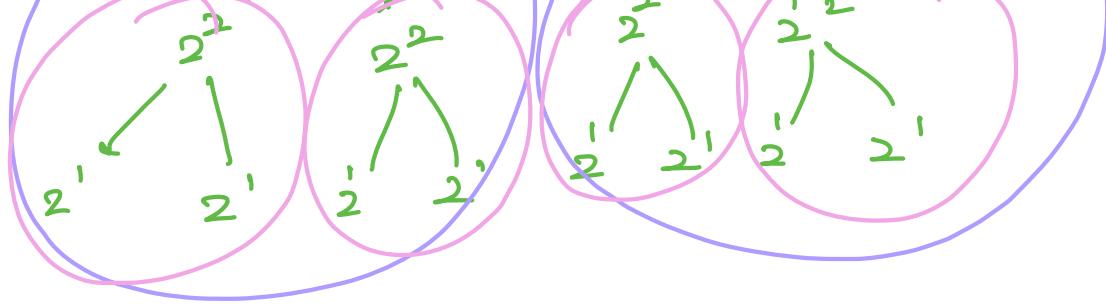
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$$T(n) = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^{k_2^m} = 2^{k_2^m+1} - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= \underbrace{2^{k_2^m+1} - 1}_{f(n)} \leq 2^{k_2^m+1} \leq \underbrace{\frac{3 \cdot 2^{k_2^m}}{C g(n)}}_{g(n)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= O(2^{k_2^m}) = O(n)$$





$$\begin{aligned}
 T(n) &= T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1 \\
 T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) &= T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 1 \\
 T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) &= T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) + 1 \\
 T\left(\frac{n}{8}\right) &= T\left(\frac{n}{16}\right) + 1 \\
 &\vdots \\
 T\left(\frac{n}{k}\right) &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$\log n$

$$\underbrace{1+1+1+\dots}_{\log n} = 1$$

$O(\log n)$

Program  $\rightarrow$  TC?

Online ~~Platform~~

Judge:

Constraints:  $0 \leq n \leq 10^{15}$  }  
 $0 \leq x \leq 20$  }

Bubble Sort:  $n^2$

Array:  $n = 10^5$

Instructions:  $\text{Ex: } (10^5)^2 = \underline{\underline{10^{10}}}$

1 GHz  $\rightarrow$

$10^9$  inst in 1 sec

$$1 \text{ ins} \rightarrow \frac{1}{10^9} \text{ sec}$$

$$10^{10} \text{ ins} \rightarrow \frac{10^{10}}{10^9} \text{ sec} = \underline{\underline{10 \text{ sec}}}$$

Input Size

Complexity

$n \leq 10$

$n! 2^n$

$n \leq 100$

$n^4$

$n \leq 400$

$n^3$

$n \leq 2000$

$n^2 \log n$

$n \leq 10^4$

$n^2$

$n \leq 10^6$

$n \log n$

$n \leq 10^8$

$n$

$n \leq 10^{18}$

$\log n$

$$1 < \log \log n < \sqrt{\log n} < \log^{\sqrt{n}} n < n < n \log n < n^2 < n^2 \log n < n^3 <$$

$$n^2 \log n < c^n < n! < n^n$$

→ Inc order of TC